The excavation of this group has been thorough. The number of bodies buried must have been large. The present owner of the place says that so many were found that across the end of the club room of the old organization which had a pleasure camp on the lake was the name of the club "Milwaukee Club," the letters being formed of the leg and arm bones taken from the mounds. He stated that he had seen a photograph showing this but did not have one in his possession. There is a tradition, still lingering about these despoiled heaps of earth, that a great battle was fought at this end of Lake Nokwe Bay and the dead were interred in these mounds. The origin of the legend is probably Indian. These remains are probably of Chippewa origin.

Other Remains in Marinette County

There is a large mound on the bank of the outlet of Lake Nocque Bay somewhere near the Peshtigo River. It is supposed to be on Sec. 25, T. 32 N., R. 20 E., Town of Stephenson. No definite directions as to finding it could be secured so it was not visited. It is in deep woods.

Mounds are said to exist near the school house on the S. W. corner of Sec. 8, T. 33 N., R. 19 E., Town of Stephenson.

Just to the north of the village of Crivitz (Railway station, Ellis Junction) on the sand hills, is a camp and village site. But of the conical mound, reported as located here, nothing could be be learned. It is possible that the mound meant is the one first mentioned in this chapter.

Mounds exist at Bagley Junction and at other points on the Peshtigo River. These are visited and platted by Mr. Younger.

Bagley Junction Mounds.

These mounds are located in nearly the center of the S. W.¼ of Sec. 22, T. 31 N., R. 22 E., Marinette County. They are northwest of the city of Marinette and directly north of the city of Peshtigo. They are four in number and lie half way between the C. M. and St. P. R. R. and the Peshtigo River at Bagley Junction.

They are irregularly oval in form and in a line, being separated from each other by distances of 39, 36 and 30 feet.